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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/796,976	03/11/2004	Ho-Chich Yu	BHT-3230-98	4047
7590 09/24/2007 TROXELL LAW OFFICE PLLC			EXAMINER	
SUITE 1404		WARTALOWICZ, PAUL A		
5205 LEESBURG PIKE FALLS CHURCH, VA 22041			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,	1754	1754	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/24/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/796,976	YU ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Paul A. Wartalowicz	1754		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Ju 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1.2.6.8 and 9 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1.2.6.8 and 9 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s)	_			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate		

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DETAILED ACTION

Withdrawn Rejections

The 35 USC 112 rejections have been withdrawn.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 6/29/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Tao does not teach a cathode including copper and a metal of manganese.

However, applicant admits that Tao teach teaches a materials for solid state cathode (paragraph 0011, lines 1-3) wherein said materials having general form of La_xMn_yA_aB_bCu_cO_d wherein A is an alkaline earth metal, B is selected from the group consisting of scandium, yttrium and a lanthanide metal, C is selected from the group consisting of iron, cobalt, nickel, **copper**, and zinc, x is from 0 to about 1.5, y is from 0 to about 1, a is from 0 to about 0.5, b is from 0 to about 0.5, c is from 0 to about 0.5, and d is between about 1 and about 5 (paragraph 0011). This disclosure appears to teach a cathode material including copper and manganese.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1, 2, 6, 8, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tao (U.S. 2002/0015877) in view of any one of Eylem et al. (U.S. 7160647) or Coetzer et al. (U.S. 4366215).

Tao teaches a materials for solid state cathode (paragraph 0011, lines 1-3) wherein said materials having general form of $La_xMn_yA_aB_bCu_cO_d$ wherein A is an alkaline earth metal, B is selected from the group consisting of scandium, yttrium and a lanthanide metal, C is selected from the group consisting of iron, cobalt, nickel, copper, and zinc, x is from 0 to about 1.5, y is from 0 to about 1, a is from 0 to about 0.5, b is from 0 to about 0.5, c is from 0 to about 0.5, and d is between about 1 and about 5 (paragraph 0011) wherein at least one of x, y, a, b, and c is greater than zero (this meets the limitation wherein copper is partly converted to trivalence ion as met by the

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formula CuO₃, paragraph 0011, lines 16-18) and the materials for cathode in a solid oxide fuels cell is operable at a temperature of 400°C to 2000°C (paragraph 0007, lines 8-10). Tao teaches introducing ions having valence numbers of less than four in a lattice structure (trivalent copper is an ion having a valence number of less than four, paragraph 0037, lines 25-30) in a lattice structure for the purpose of having extra oxygen anion vacancies in the crystal lattice (paragraph 0037, lines 27-30). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time applicant's invention was made to provide introducing ions having valence numbers of less than four in a lattice structure (trivalent copper is an ion having a valence number of less than four, paragraph 0037, lines 25-30) in a lattice structure in Tao in order to have extra oxygen anion vacancies in the crystal lattice (paragraph 0037, lines 27-30) as taught by Tao.

Tao et al. fail to teach the anode is doped with alkaline earth metals.

Coetzer et al. teach an electrochemical cell comprising a solid oxide cathode (col. 1) and an anode comprising an alkaline earth anode (col. 4) because the material of the anode is chosen so that it is chemically compatible with the oxide starting material (col. 4).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time applicant's invention was made to provide an anode comprising an alkaline earth anode (col. 4) in Tao because the material of the anode is chosen so that it is chemically compatible with the oxide starting material (col. 4) comprising substantially similar elements as taught by Coetzer et al.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul A. Wartalowicz whose telephone number is (571) 272-5957. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-6 M-Th and 8:30-5 on Alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stanley Silverman can be reached on (571) 272-1358. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Paul Wartalowicz September 15, 2007

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